1 Overview

STC8G series of microcontrollers are microcontrollers that do not need an external crystal oscillator and external reset circuit. They are 8051 core microcontrollers with the goal of strong anti-interference, ultra low price, high speed and low power consumption. Under the same operating frequency, STC8G series of microcontrollers are about 12 times faster (11.2 ~ 13.2 times) than traditional 8051. To execute all 111 instructions in sequence, the STC8G series microcontroller only needs 147 clocks, while the traditional 8051 requires 1944 clocks. STC8G series of microcontrollers are single clock/machine cycle (1T) microcontrollers produced by STC. It is a new generation 8051 microcontrollers with wide voltage, high speed, high reliability, low power consumption, strong antistatic, strong anti-interference and super encrypted. The instruction codes are fully compatible with traditional 8051.

High precision of $\pm 0.3\%$ @+25 $\mathbb C$ R/C clock is integrated in MCU with -1.38% to +1.42% temperature drift under the temperature range of -40 $\mathbb C$ to +85 $\mathbb C$, and 0.88% to +1.05% temperature drift under temperature range from -20 $\mathbb C$ to +65 $\mathbb C$. The frequency of RC clock can be set from 4MHz to 35MHz when programming a MCU using ISP. Note: The maximum frequency must be limited below 35MHz when the temperature range is -40 $\mathbb C$ to +85 $\mathbb C$. Moreover, high reliable reset circuit with 4 level optional reset threshold voltage can be selected. So, external expensive crystal and the external reset circuit can be eliminated completely.

There are three optional clock sources inside the MCU, internal high precision IRC which can be adjusted while ISP, internal 32KHz low speed IRC, external 4MHz~33MHz oscillator or external clock signal. The clock source can be freely chosen in user codes. After the clock source is selected, it may be 8-bit divided and then be supplied to the CPU and the peripherals, such as timers, UARTs, SPI, and so on.

Two low power modes are provided in MCU, the IDLE mode and the STOP mode. In IDLE mode, MCU stops clocking CPU, CPU stops executing instructions without clock, while all peripherals are still working. At this moment, the power consumption is about 1.0mA at 6MHz working frequency. The STOP mode is the power off or power-down mode. At this moment, the main clock stops, CPU and all peripherals stop working, and the power consumption can be reduced to about 0.6uA when VCC is 5.0V, 0.4uA when VCC is 3.3V.

The Power-down mode can be woke-up by one of the following interrupts: INT0(P3.2), INT1(P3.3), INT2(P3.6), INT3(P3.7), INT4(P3.0), T0(P3.4), T1(P3.5), T2(P1.2), T3(P0.4), T4(P0.6), RXD(P3.0/P3.6/P1.6/P4.3), RXD2(P1.4/P4.6), RXD3(P0.0/P5.0), RXD4(P0.2/P5.2), CCP0(P1.1/P3.5/P2.5), CCP1(P1.0/P3.6/P2.6), CCP2(P3.7/P2.7), I2C_SDA(P1.4/P2.4/P3.3), Comparator, LVD, Power-down wake-up timer.

Rich digital peripherals and analog peripherals are provided in MCU, including UARTs, timers, PCAs, PWMs and I2C, SPI, ultra-high speed ADC and comparator, which can meet the needs of users when designing a product.

The enhanced dual data pointers are integrated in the STC8G series of microcontrollers. Using program control, the function of automatic increasing or decreasing of data pointer and automatic switching of two sets of data pointers can be realized.

Products	I/O	UART	Timers	ADC	Enhanced PWM	PCA	СМР	SPI	12C	MDU16	LED	Touch Key
STC8G1K08 family	18	2	3	15 _{сн} *10 _в		•	•	•	•			
STC8G1K08-8Pin family	6	1	2					•	•	•		

STC8G1K08A family	6	1	2	6сн*10в		•		•	•	•		
STC8G2K64S4 family	45	4	5	15 _{CH} *10 _B	•	•	•	•	•	•		
STC8G2K64S2 family	45	2	5	15 _{сн} *10 _в	•	•	•	•	•	•		
STC8G1K08T family	16	1	3	15 _{CH} *10 _B		•	•	•	•		•	•
STC15H2K64S4 family	42	4	5	15CH*10B	•	•	•	•	•	•		



2 Features, Price and Pins

2.1 STC8G2K64S4-36I-LQFP48/QFN48/LQFP32/QFN32 family

2.1.1 Features and Price

Selection and price (No external crystal and external reset required with 15 channels 10-bit ADC)

MCU model	Operating voltage (V)	Flash Code Memory (100 thousand times) (Byte)	idata, Internal DATA RAM(Byte)	xdata, Internal extended SRAM (Byte)	Enhanced Dual DPTR increasing or decreasing	EEPROM 100 thousand times) (Byte)	Maximum I/O Lines	UARTs which may wake-up CPU	MDU16 Hardware 16-bit Multiplier and Divider	SPI	PC	Timers/Counters (T0-T4 Pin Can wake-up CPU)	16-bit advanced PWM timer Complementary symmetrical dead-time	15-bit enhanced PWM (with dead-time control)	PCA/CCP/PWM (can be used as external interrupt and can wake-up CPU)	Power-down wake-up timer	15 channels high speed ADC (All PWMs can be used as DACs)	Comparator (May be used as ADC to detect external power-down)	Internal LVD interrupt (can wake-up CPU)	Watch-dog Timer	Internal high reliable reset circuit with 4-level optional reset threshold voltage	Internal high presision Clock (adjustbal under 36MHz)	Clock output and Reset	Program encrypted transmission (Anti-blocking)	Password can be set for next update	Support RS485 download	Support software USBdownload directly	Online debugging	LQFP48	c ackage QFN48<6mm*6mm>	LQFP32	QFN32<4mm*4mm>	Main product supply information
STC8G2K32S4	1.9-5.5	32K	256	2K	2	32K	45	4	Y	Y	Y	5	-	45	3	Y	10bit	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	√	√	√		
STC8G2K48S4	1.9-5.5	48K	256	2K	2	32K	45	4	Y	Y	Y	5	-	45	3	Y	10bit	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	√	√	√		Available
STC8G2K60S4	1.9-5.5	60K	256	2K	2	4K	45	4	Y	Y	Y	5		45	3	Y	10bit	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	√	√	√		lable
STC8G2K64S4	1.9-5.5	64K	256	2K	2	IAP	45	4	Y	Y	Y	5	-	45	3	Y	10bit	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	√	√	√	√	

Note: The above unit prices are for orders of quantity of 10K and above. If the quantity is small, an additional RMB 0.1 per piece will be required. When the total amount of the order reaches or exceeds 3,000 yuan, it can be shipped free of charge, otherwise the customer will have to bear the freight. Retail sale starts at 10 pieces.

If you need to choose a 48-pin chip, it is recommended to choose LQFP48 package, QFN48 needs to be ordered in advance.

> Core

- ✓ Ultra-high speed 8051 Core with single clock per machine cycle, which is called 1T and the speed is about 12 times faster than traditional 8051
- ✓ Fully compatible instruction set with traditional 8051
- ✓ 29 interrupt sources and 4 interrupt priority levels
- ✓ Online debugging is supported

Operating voltage

- ✓ 1.9V~5.5V
- ✓ Built-in LDO

Operating temperature

✓ -40°C~85°C

> Flash memory

- ✓ Up to 64K bytes of Flash memory to be used to store user code
- ✓ Configurable size EEPROM, 512bytes single page erased, can be repeatedly erased more than 100 thousand times.
- ✓ In-System-Programming, ISP in short, can be used to update the application code, no need for special programmer.
- ✓ Online debugging with single chip is supported, and no special emulator is needed. The number of breakpoints is unlimited theoratically.

> SRAM

- ✓ 128 bytes internal direct access RAM (DATA)
- ✓ 128 bytes internal indirect access RAM (IDATA)
- ✓ 2048 bytes internal extended RAM (internal XDATA)

Clock

- ✓ Internal high precise R/C clock (IRC, range from 4MHz to 36MHz), adjustable while ISP and can be divided to lower frequency by user software, 100KHz for instance.
 - \oplus Error: $\pm 0.3\%$ (at the temperature 25°C)
 - + -1.38% \sim +1.42% temperature drift (at the temperature range of -40 °C to +85 °C)
 - \oplus -0.88%~+1.05% temperature drift (at the temperature range of -20°C to 65°C)
- ✓ Internal 32KHz low speed IRC with large error
- ✓ External 4MHz~33MHz oscillator or external clock

> Reset

- ✓ Hardware reset
 - Power-on reset. Measured voltage value is 1.69V~1.82V. (Effective when the chip does not enable the low voltage reset function)

The power-on reset voltage is a voltage range consisting of an upper limit voltage and a lower limit voltage. When the operating voltage drops from 5V / 3.3V to the lower limit threshold voltage of the power-on reset, the chip is in a reset state; when the voltage rises from 0V to the upper threshold voltage of power-on reset, the chip is released from the reset state.

- Reset by reset pin. The default function of P5.4 is the I/O port. The P5.4 pin can be set as the reset pin while ISP download. (Note: When the P5.4 pin is set as the reset pin, the reset level is low.)
- Watch dog timer reset
- Low voltage detection reset. 4 low voltage detection levels are provided, 2.2V (Measured as 1.90V~2.04V), 2.4V (Measured as 2.30V~2.50V), V2.7 (Measured as 2.61V~2.82V), V3.0 (Measured as 2.90V~3.13V). Each level of low-voltage detection voltage is a voltage range consisting of an upper limit voltage and a lower limit voltage. When the operating voltage drops from 5V / 3.3V to the lower limit threshold voltage of low-voltage detection, the low-voltage detection takes effect. When the voltage rises from 0V to the upper threshold voltage, the low voltage detection becomes effective.
- ✓ Software reset
 - Writing the reset trigger register using software

> Interrupts

✓ 29 interrupt sources: INT0(Supports rising edge and falling edge interrupt), INT1(Supports rising edge and falling edge interrupt), INT2(Supports falling edge interrupt only), INT3(Supports falling edge interrupt only), INT4(Supports falling edge interrupt only), timer0, timer1, timer2, timer3, timer4, UART1, UART2, UART3, UART4, ADC, LVD, SPI, I²C, comparator, PCA/CCP/PWM, enhanced PWM0, enhanced PWM1, enhanced

- PWM2, enhanced PWM3, enhanced PWM4, enhanced PWM5, enhanced PWM0 fault detection, enhanced PWM2 fault detection, enhanced PWM4 fault detection.
- ✓ 4 interrupt priority levels
- ✓ Interrupts that can awaken the CPU in clock stop mode: INT0 (P3.2), INT1 (P3.3), INT2 (P3.6), INT3 (P3.7), INT4 (P3.0), T0(P3.4), T1(P3.5), T2(P1.2), T3(P0.4), T4(P0.6), RXD(P3.0/P3.6/P1.6/P4.3), RXD2(P1.4/P4.6), RXD3(P0.0/P5.0), RXD4(P0.2/P5.2), CCP0(P1.1/P3.5/P2.5), CCP1(P1.0/P3.6/P2.6), CCP2(P3.7/P2.7), I2C_SDA (P1.4/P2.4/P3.3) and comparator interrupt, low-voltage detection interrupt, power-down wake-up timer.

> Digital peripherals

- ✓ 5 16-bit timers: timer0, timer1, timer2, timer3, timer4, where the mode 3 of timer0 has the Non Maskable Interrupt (NMI in short) function. Mode 0 of timer0 and timer1 is 16-bit Auto-reload mode.
- ✓ 4 high speed uarts: uart1, uart2, uart4, whose baudrate clock source may be fast as FOSC/4
- ✓ 3 groups of PCAs: CCP0, CCP1, CCP2, which can be used as capture, high speed output and 6-bits, 7-bits, 8-bits or 10-bits PWM.
- ✓ 45 groups of 15-bit enhanced PWMs, which can realize control signals with dead time, and support external fault detection function. In addition, there are 3 groups of traditional PCA/CCP/PWMs can be used as PWM.
- ✓ SPI: Master mode, slave mode or master/slave automatic switch mode are supported.
- ✓ I²C: Master mode or slave mode are supported.
- ✓ MDU16: Hardware 16-bit Multiplier and Divider which supports 32-bit divided by 16-bit, 16-bit divided by 16-bit, 16-bit by 16-bit, data shift, and data normalization operations.

> Analog peripherals

- ✓ 15 channels (channel 0 to channel 14) ultra-high speed ADC which supports 10-bit precision analog-to-digital conversion, the speed can be as fast as 500K(500,000 conversions per second).
- ✓ ADC channel 15 is used to test the internal reference voltage. (The default internal reference voltage is 1.19V when the chip is shipped)
- ✓ Comparator. A set of comparators (the positive terminal of the comparator can select the CMP+ and all ADC input ports, so the comparator can be used as a multi-channel comparator for time division multiplexing).
- ✓ DAC. 3 groups of PCAs can be used as DACs. 45-channel enhanced PWMs can be used as 45-channel DACs.

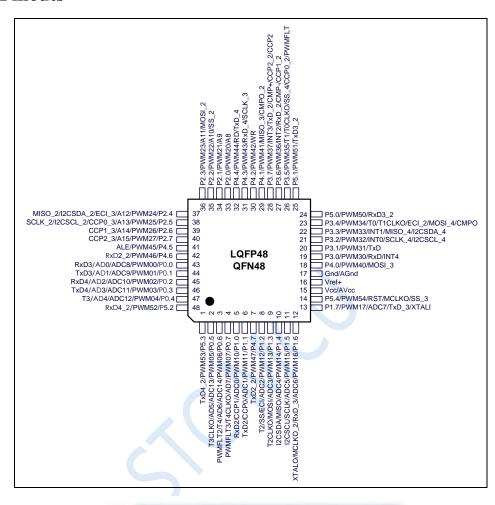
> GPIO

- ✓ Up to 45 GPIOs: P0.0~P0.7, P1.0~P1.7, P2.0~P2.7, P3.0~P3.7, P4.0~P4.7, P5.0~P5.4
- √ 4 modes for all GPIOs: quasi_bidirectional mode, push-pull outputmode, open drain mode, high-impedance input
 mode
- ✓ Except for P3.0 and P3.1, all other I/O ports are in a high-impedance state after power-on. User must set the I/O ports mode before using them. In addition, each I/O can independently enable the internal 4K pull-up resistor.

Package

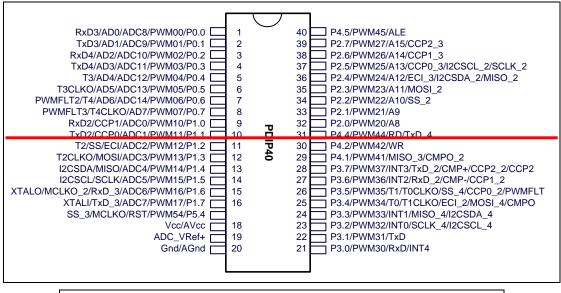
✓ LQFP48, QFN48, LQFP32(Not available at present)

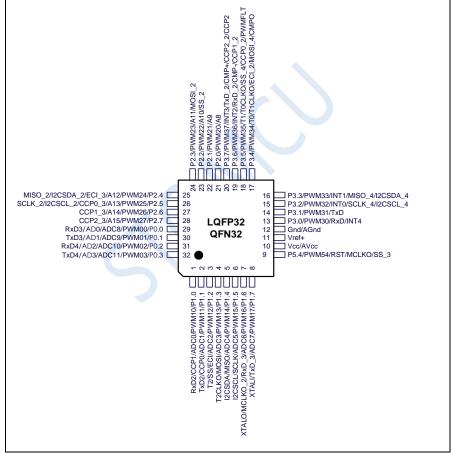
2.1.2 Pinouts





universal USB to UART tool





Note:

- 1. ADC's external reference power supply pin ADC_VRef+ must not be floating, it must be connected to an external reference power supply or directly connected to Vcc.
- 2. If USB download is not required, P3.0/P3.1/P3.2 cannot be at low level at the same time when the chip is reset.

ISP download steps:

- 1. Connect the universal USB to UART tool to the target chip according to the connection method shown in the figure above.
- 2. Press the power button 17to confirm that the target chip is in a power-off state (the power-on

indicator is off).

Note: When the tool is powered on for the first time, there is no external power supply, so if it is the first time to use this tool, you can skip this step.

- 3. Click the "Download/Program" button in the STC-ISP download software.
- 4. Press the power button again to power on the target chip (the power-on indicator is on).
- 5. Start ISP download.

Note: It has been found that when using the USB cable for ISP download, if the USB cable is too thin and the voltage drop on the USB cable is too large, this will result in insufficient power supply during the ISP download. Therefore, please be sure to use the booster USB cable for ISP download.

2.1.3 Pin descriptions

Pin nu	mber	name	type	dogovintion
LQFP48			· ·	description
		P5.3	I/O	Standard IO port
1		PWM53	O	Enhanced PWM output
		TxD4_2	O	Serial output of UART 4
		P0.5	I/O	Standard IO port
		PWM05	O	Enhanced PWM output
2		AD5	I	Address/data bus
		ADC13	I	ADC analog input 13
		T3CLKO	O	Clock out of timer 3
		P0.6	I/O	Standard IO port
		PWM06	O	Enhanced PWM output
3		AD6	I	Address/data bus
3		ADC14	I	ADC analog input 14
		T4	I	Timer4 external input
		PWMFLT2	I	Enhanced PWM fault detection
		P0.7	I/O	Standard IO port
		PWM07	О	Enhanced PWM output
4		AD7	I	Address/data bus
		T4CLKO	O	Clock out of timer 4
		PWMFLT3	I	Enhanced PWM fault detection
		P1.0	I/O	Standard IO port
		PWM10	O	Enhanced PWM output
5		ADC0	I	ADC analog input 0
		CCP1	I/O	Capture of external signal/High-speed Pulse output of PCA
		RxD2	I	Serial input of UART2
		P1.1	I/O	Standard IO port
		PWM11	O	Enhanced PWM output
6		ADC1	I	ADC analog input 1
		CCP0	I/O	Capture of external signal/High-speed Pulse output of PCA
		TxD2	O	Serial output of UART 2
		P4.7	I/O	Standard IO port
7		PWM47	О	Enhanced PWM output
		TxD2_2	O	Serial output of UART 2
		P1.2	I/O	Standard IO port
8		PWM12	O	Enhanced PWM output
		ADC2	I	ADC analog input 2

Pin nu LOFP48	mber	name	type	description
		ECI	I	External pulse input of PCA
		SS	I	Slave selection of SPI (it is output with regard to master)
		T2	I	Timer2 external input
		P1.3	I/O	Standard IO port
		PWM13	О	Enhanced PWM output
9		ADC3	I	ADC analog input 3
		MOSI	I/O	Master Output/Slave Input of SPI
		T2CLKO	О	Clock out of timer 2
		P1.4	I/O	Standard IO port
		PWM14	О	Enhanced PWM output
10		ADC4	I	ADC analog input 4
		MISO	I/O	Master Iutput/Slave Onput of SPI
		SDA	I/O	Serial data line of I2C



P1.5	Pin nu	ımber			1
PWM15			name	type	description
ADC5			P1.5	I/O	Standard IO port
SCLK			PWM15	0	
SCL	11		ADC5	I	ADC analog input 5
P1.6			SCLK	I/O	Serial Clock of SPI
PWM16			SCL	I/O	Serial Clock line of I2C
ADC6			P1.6	I/O	Standard IO port
RXD_3			PWM16	0	
RXD_3	12		ADC6	I	č i
Name	12				*
P1.7					*
PWM17					
ADC7					•
TxD_3				O	<u> </u>
STALI	13				
P5.4					•
PWM54			XTALI		
RST					1
MCLKO				0	
SS_3	14		RST	I	Reset pin
15			MCLKO		
15			SS_3	I	Slave selection of SPI (it is output with regard to master)
Avc VCC ADC Power Supply	15		Vcc	VCC	
17	13		AVcc	VCC	ADC Power Supply
AGnd GND ADC Ground	16		Vref+	I	
P4.0	17		Gnd	GND	Ground
PWM40	1 /		AGnd	GND	ADC Ground
MOSI_3			P4.0	I/O	Standard IO port
P3.0	18		PWM40	O	Enhanced PWM output
PWM30			MOSI_3	I/O	Master Output/Slave Input of SPI
RxD			P3.0	I/O	Standard IO port
RXD	10		PWM30	0	
P3.1	19		RxD	I	Serial input of UART1
PWM31 O Enhanced PWM output			INT4	I	
TxD			P3.1	I/O	Standard IO port
P3.2	20		PWM31	0	Enhanced PWM output
PWM32 O Enhanced PWM output INTO I External interrupt 0 SCLK_4 I/O Serial Clock of SPI SCL_4 I/O Serial Clock line of I2C P3.3 I/O Standard IO port PWM33 O Enhanced PWM output INT1 I External interrupt 1 MISO_4 I/O Master Iutput/Slave Onput of SPI SDA_4 I/O Serial data line of I2C P3.4 I/O Standard IO port PWM34 O Enhanced PWM output TO I Timer0 external input TO I Timer0 external input T1CLKO O Clock out of timer 1 ECI_2 I External pulse input of PCA			TxD	O	Serial output of UART 1
INTO I External interrupt 0			P3.2	I/O	Standard IO port
SCLK_4			PWM32	0	Enhanced PWM output
SCL_4	21		INT0	I	External interrupt 0
P3.3 I/O Standard IO port PWM33 O Enhanced PWM output INT1 I External interrupt 1 MISO_4 I/O Master Iutput/Slave Onput of SPI SDA_4 I/O Serial data line of I2C P3.4 I/O Standard IO port PWM34 O Enhanced PWM output TO I Timer0 external input T1CLKO O Clock out of timer 1 ECI_2 I External pulse input of PCA			SCLK_4	I/O	Serial Clock of SPI
PWM33 O Enhanced PWM output INT1 I External interrupt 1 MISO_4 I/O Master Iutput/Slave Onput of SPI SDA_4 I/O Serial data line of I2C P3.4 I/O Standard IO port PWM34 O Enhanced PWM output T0 I Timer0 external input T1CLKO O Clock out of timer 1 ECI_2 I External pulse input of PCA			SCL_4	I/O	
INT1 I External interrupt 1 MISO_4 I/O Master Iutput/Slave Onput of SPI SDA_4 I/O Serial data line of I2C P3.4 I/O Standard IO port PWM34 O Enhanced PWM output T0 I Timer0 external input T1CLKO O Clock out of timer 1 ECI_2 I External pulse input of PCA			P3.3	I/O	
INT1 I External interrupt 1 MISO_4 I/O Master Iutput/Slave Onput of SPI SDA_4 I/O Serial data line of I2C P3.4 I/O Standard IO port PWM34 O Enhanced PWM output T0 I Timer0 external input T1CLKO O Clock out of timer 1 ECI_2 I External pulse input of PCA			PWM33	0	Enhanced PWM output
SDA_4 I/O Serial data line of I2C P3.4 I/O Standard IO port PWM34 O Enhanced PWM output T0 I Timer0 external input T1CLKO O Clock out of timer 1 ECI_2 I External pulse input of PCA	22		INT1	I	
P3.4 I/O Standard IO port PWM34 O Enhanced PWM output T0 I Timer0 external input T1CLKO O Clock out of timer 1 ECI_2 I External pulse input of PCA			MISO_4	I/O	Master Iutput/Slave Onput of SPI
PWM34 O Enhanced PWM output TO I Timer0 external input T1CLKO O Clock out of timer 1 ECI_2 I External pulse input of PCA			SDA_4	I/O	Serial data line of I2C
TO I Timer0 external input T1CLKO O Clock out of timer 1 ECI_2 I External pulse input of PCA			P3.4	I/O	Standard IO port
T1CLKO O Clock out of timer 1 ECI_2 I External pulse input of PCA			PWM34	0	Enhanced PWM output
ECI_2 I External pulse input of PCA			T0	I	Timer0 external input
	23		T1CLKO	0	Clock out of timer 1
MOSI 4 I/O Master Output/Slave Input of SPI			ECI_2	I	External pulse input of PCA
1.1001 If the state of the of the state of			MOSI_4	I/O	Master Output/Slave Input of SPI
CMPO O Comparator output			CMPO	0	Comparator output

Pin nur	mber	nomo	tymo	description
LQFP48		name	type	description
		P5.0	I/O	Standard IO port
24		PWM50	O	Enhanced PWM output
		RxD3_2	I	Serial input of UART3
		P5.1	I/O	Standard IO port
25		PWM51	О	Enhanced PWM output
		TxD3_2	O	Serial output of UART 3
		P3.5	I/O	Standard IO port
		PWM35	O	Enhanced PWM output
		T1	I	Timer1 external input
26		T0CLKO	О	Clock out of timer 0
		SS_4	I	Slave selection of SPI (it is output with regard to master)
		CCP0_2	I/O	Capture of external signal/High-speed Pulse output of PCA
		PWMFLT	I	Enhanced PWM fault detection
		P3.6	I/O	Standard IO port
		PWM36	O	Enhanced PWM output
27		INT2	I	External interrupt 2
27		RxD_2	I	Serial input of UART1
		CMP-	I	Comparator negative input
		CCP1_2	I/O	Capture of external signal/High-speed Pulse output of PCA
		P3.7	I/O	Standard IO port
		PWM37	O	Enhanced PWM output
		INT3	I	External interrupt 3
28		TxD_2	O	Serial output of UART 1
		CMP+	I	Comparator positive input
		CCP2	I/O	Capture of external signal/High-speed Pulse output of PCA
		CCP2_2	I/O	Capture of external signal/High-speed Pulse output of PCA
		P4.1	I/O	Standard IO port
29		PWM41	0	Enhanced PWM output
		MISO_3	I/O	Master Iutput/Slave Onput of SPI
		CMPO_2	0	Comparator output
		P4.2	I/O	Standard IO port
30		PWM42	0	Enhanced PWM output
		WR	O	Write signal of external bus
		P4.3	I/O	Standard IO port
31		PWM43	О	Enhanced PWM output
31		RxD_4	I	Serial input of UART1
		SCLK_3	I/O	Serial Clock of SPI
		P4.4	I/O	Standard IO port
32		PWM44	O	Enhanced PWM output
		RD	0	Read signal of external bus
		TxD_4	0	Serial output of UART 1
20		P2.0	I/O	Standard IO port
33		PWM20	O	Enhanced PWM output
		A8	I	Address bus
		P2.1	I/O	Standard IO port
34		PWM21	O	Enhanced PWM output
		A9	I	Address bus
		P2.2	I/O	Standard IO port
35		PWM22	O	Enhanced PWM output
		A10	I	Address bus
		SS_2	I	Slave selection of SPI (it is output with regard to master)

Pin nu	ımber		,	1
LQFP48		name	type	description
		P2.3	I/O	Standard IO port
		PWM23	O	Enhanced PWM output
36		A11	I	Address bus
		MOSI_2	I/O	Master Output/Slave Input of SPI
		CCP0_2	I/O	Capture of external signal/High-speed Pulse output of PCA
		P2.4	I/O	Standard IO port
		PWM24	O	Enhanced PWM output
37		A12	I	Address bus
37		ECI_3	I	External pulse input of PCA
		SDA_2	I/O	Serial data line of I2C
		MISO_2	I/O	Master Iutput/Slave Onput of SPI
		P2.5	I/O	Standard IO port
		PWM25	O	Enhanced PWM output
20		A13	I	Address bus
38		CCP0_3	I/O	Capture of external signal/High-speed Pulse output of PCA
		SCL_2	I/O	Serial Clock line of I2C
		SCLK 2	I/O	Serial Clock of SPI
		P2.6	I/O	Standard IO port
20		PWM26	0	Enhanced PWM output
39		A14	I	Address bus
		CCP1_3	I/O	Capture of external signal/High-speed Pulse output of PCA
		P2.7	I/O	Standard IO port
		PWM27	0	Enhanced PWM output
40		A15	I	Address bus
		CCP2_3	I/O	Capture of external signal/High-speed Pulse output of PCA
		P4.5	I/O	Standard IO port
41		PWM45	0	Enhanced PWM output
		ALE	0	Address Latch Enable signal
		P4.6	I/O	Standard IO port
42		PWM46	0	Enhanced PWM output
12		RxD2_2	I	Serial input of UART2
		P0.0	I/O	Standard IO port
		PWM00	0	Enhanced PWM output
43		ADC8	I	ADC analog input 8
43		AD0	I	Address/data bus
		RxD3	I	Serial input of UART3
		P0.1	I/O	Standard IO port
		PWM01	0	Enhanced PWM output
44		ADC9	I	ADC analog input 9
7-7		AD1	I	Address/data bus
		TxD3	O	Serial output of UART 3
		P0.2	I/O	Standard IO port
		PWM02	O	Enhanced PWM output
45		ADC10	I	ADC analog input 10
43		ADC10	I	Address/data bus
		RxD4	I	Serial input of UART4
		P0.3	I/O	Standard IO port
				•
16		PWM03	0	Enhanced PWM output
46		ADC11	I	ADC analog input 11
		AD3	I	Address/data bus
		TxD4	О	Serial output of UART 4

Pin nu	Pin number		type	description
LQFP48		name	турс	uescription
		P0.4	I/O	Standard IO port
		PWM04	О	Enhanced PWM output
47		ADC12	I	ADC analog input 12
		AD4	I	Address/data bus
		T3	I	Timer3 external input
		P5.2	I/O	Standard IO port
48		PWM52	O	Enhanced PWM output
		RxD4_2	I	Serial input of UART4

